

SECURIT



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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER 8-48557

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINING	01/01/07	AND ENDING	12/31/07
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RI	EGISTRANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
NAME OF BROKER DEALER:		-	OFFICAL LICE ONLY
	it Brokerage, Inc.		OFFICAL USE ONLY
		•	FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINE	ESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No	.)	<u> </u>
5:	15 No. Flagler Drive, Sui	te 703	
	(No. and Street)		
West Palm Beach	Florida		32401
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERS Aileen Gallagher	ON TO CONTACT IN REGA	ARD TO THIS REPOR	T 561-515-3200
	· ,,	(Are	ea Code - Telephone No.)
В. А	CCOUNTANT DESIGNATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who	se opinion is contained in this	Report*	iall Processing Section
	Lashley, Seland & Rotro	o <u>ff</u>	EB 2 8 2008
	if individual, state last, first, i		
919 West State Road 436, Suite 300, Alta	amonte Springs	Florida Was	32714
(Address and City)		(State)	hington, DC(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		PROCE	SSED
□ Certified Public Accountant		MAD 1 9	enne
Public Accountant	A	MAR 1 8 2008	
Accountant not resident in United Sta	tes or any of its Possessions	THOM	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	FINAN	CIAL

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual audit be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

l,	Aileen Gallagher	, swear (or affirm) that, to the
best of my knowledge and belief t		and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm or
	1st Discount Brokerage, Inc	
December		I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company
nor any partner, proprietor, principa customer, except as follows:	oal officer or director has any propriet	ary interest in any account classified solely as that
,	ALEMAN SIGNES	A. H. 1
	* 6,207,085 * * = -1	Julia / Julia/Juliano Signatujre
^	#DD 543898	Secretary
1 /a Colonia	A Arblic Union	Title
MARINI / WARA	M \ \ Market Market STANISH	
Public Notary		
his report** contains (check all application)	ible boxes);	
⟨a⟩ Facing page. ⟨b⟩ Statement of Financial Condition ⟨a⟩ ⟨b⟩ Statement of Financial Condition ⟨a⟩ ⟨a⟩	n	
(c) Statement of Infancial Condition (Loss).	11.	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financ		
	olders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprie	tor's Capital.
(i) Statement of changes in Liability (g) Computation of Net Capital.	es Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.	
	of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule	15c3-3.
	ession or control Requirements Under Rul	
	ropriate explanation, of the Computation o	
	of the Reserve Requirements under Exhibited and unaudited Statements of Financial	al Condition with respect to methods of con-
solidation.	and and and and other of the maner	ar condition with respect to methods of con-
(I) An Oath or Affirmation.		
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplement		
அரார் A report describing any materia	i inadequacies found to exist or found to hi	ave existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**} For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

1ST DISCOUNT BROKERAGE, INC.
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007
AND
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

1ST DISCOUNT BROKERAGE, INC. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

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LASHLEY, SELAND & ROTROFF, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

D. Gary Lashley, CPA Kurt Seland, CPA Stephen R. Rotroff, CPA Albert A. King, CPA

Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

Board of Directors and Shareholder 1st Discount Brokerage, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of 1st Discount Brokerage, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of 1 DB Financial, Inc., as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of 1st Discount Brokerage, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of 1DB Financial, Inc., as of December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the schedules presented on pages 11 and 12 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Lastley, Seland: Kity, P.A.

February 19, 2008

1ST DISCOUNT BROKERAGE, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2007

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Clearing deposits with clearing brokers Due from clearing brokers Commissions and rebates receivable Accounts receivable Note receivable Prepaid expenses and other current assets Securities purchased, not yet sold Furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$25,375 Other non-current assets Due from related parties	\$ 388,112 307,704 1,963,577 171,931 121,170 881,989 107,528 249,392 17,438 27,469 869,870
	<u>\$ 5,106,180</u>
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	
Liabilities:	
Payable to brokers	\$ 161,378
Commissions payable	678,402
Securities sold, not yet purchased	20,820
Accounts payable	107,858
Accrued expenses	57,141
Total liabilities	1,025,599
Stockholder's equity:	
Common stock, no par value, 100,000 shares authorized,	
1,250 shares issued and outstanding	1,322,496
Retained earnings	2,758,085
Total stockholder's equity	4,080,581
	\$ 5,106,180

1ST DISCOUNT BROKERAGE, INC. STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Revenues:

Commissions and fees Interest and dividend income Service charges and other income	\$ 13,945,313 811,022 503,879
Loss on trading	(73,579) 15,186,635
Expenses:	
Commissions	9,563,017
Salaries, wages, taxes and benefits	2,224,353
Clearing, execution and other brokerage costs	891,948
Other expenses	731,762
Management fees paid parent	420,000
Occupancy costs	307,706
Advertising and marketing	124,789
Depreciation and amortization	46,517
Telephone and communications	81,904
Interest	25,961
	<u> 14,417,957</u>
Income before provision for income tax expense	768,678
Federal and state income tax expense	291,579
Net income	<u>\$ 477,099</u>

1ST DISCOUNT BROKERAGE, INC. (A WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF 1DB FINANCIAL, INC.) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Common stock		Retained		
	Shares	Amount	earnings	Total	
Balance, January 1, 2007	1,250	\$ 1,322,496	\$ 2,280,986	\$ 3,603,482	
Net income		=	477,099	477,099	
Balance, December 31, 2007	1.250	<u>\$1,322,496</u>	<u>\$ 2,758,085</u>	<u>\$ 4,080,581</u>	

1ST DISCOUNT BROKERAGE, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Cash flow from operating activities:	
Net income	\$477,099
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	
used in operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	48,017
Increase or decrease in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in cash deposit with clearing brokers	11,825
Increase in due from clearing brokers	(320,710)
Decrease in commissions and rebates receivable	542,699
Decrease in accounts receivable	63,098
Increase in note receivable	(768,405)
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets	49,604
Decrease in securities purchased, not yet sold	139,897
Decrease in other non-current assets	33,173
Decrease in due from related parties	144,608
Decrease in broker payable	(88,701)
Decrease in commissions payable	(312,107)
Increase in securities sold, not yet purchased	20,820
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(149,150)
Total cash used by operating activities	(108,233)
Cash flow from investing activities:	
Purchase of fixed assets	(15,813)
Total cash used in investing activities	(15,813)
ŭ	
Net decrease in cash	(124,046)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year	512,158
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	\$ 388,112
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	
Cash paid during the year for interest	<u>\$ 25,961</u>
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	<u>\$ 291,579</u>

1. ORGANIZATION

1st Discount Brokerage, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated on July 14, 1995 in the state of Florida. The Company is a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"). The Company became a wholly-owned subsidiary of 1 DB Financial, Inc. (the "Parent"), as of February 25, 1999.

The Company's main office is in West Palm Beach, Florida and the Company operates branch offices throughout the United States, including a branch office in San Francisco, California. The Company's sources of revenue are derived from unsolicited discount brokerage transactions, institutional trading and fees as a registered investment advisor. The Company is an introducing broker-dealer and clears its trades through Ridge Clearing and Outsource Services, Inc. (the "Clearing Broker").

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and Cash equivalents - The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents for the purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Cash deposits with clearing brokers - Cash deposits with clearing brokers consist of funds on deposit with the Clearing Brokers pursuant to the Company's clearing agreements. The agreements require the Company to maintain a minimum of \$250,000 as clearing deposits based upon the level of securities inventory, the volume and size of transactions, and the type of business being conducted. At December 31, 2007, the Company had \$307,704 in the clearing deposit accounts, the difference representing earnings on the money on deposit. As long as the Company continues to use the clearing and execution services of the Clearing Brokers, the Company will be required to maintain the cash on deposit.

Due from clearing brokers and commissions receivable - Due from clearing brokers and commissions receivable represents monies due the Company from the Clearing Broker through securities generated transactions. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not recorded since the Clearing Broker adjusts accounts monthly to actual collections.

Furniture and equipment - Furniture and equipment are recorded at cost. Repair and maintenance costs are charged to operations as incurred. When assets are retired or disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any gains or losses are included in operations. Depreciation of furniture and equipment is provided utilizing the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, which range from five to seven years.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Securities transactions - Proprietary securities transactions in regular-way trades are recorded on the trade date, as if they had settled. Profit and loss arising from all securities transactions entered into for the account and risk of the Company are recorded on a trade date basis. Customer securities are reported on a settlement date basis with related commission income and expenses reported on a trade date basis.

Amounts receivable and payable for securities transactions that have not reached their contractual settlement date are recorded net on the statement of financial condition.

Marketable securities are valued at market value.

Fees and other charges - Fees and other charges are recorded when the money is received.

Advertising costs -Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising costs for the year ended December 31, 2007, were approximately \$730.

Income taxes - The Company's operations are reported as part of the consolidated income tax return of its Parent. The income tax expense is based on an allocation of the consolidated tax liabilities and benefits to the individual companies included in the group, as if, each company were filing on an individual basis. Any monies due or payable are recorded in the Parent's intercompany account.

Fair value of financial instruments - All of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are carried at market value or at amounts, which, because of their short-term nature, approximate current fair value.

Use of estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parent company transactions - The Company shared offices, administrative and occupancy expenses with its Parent and a related party corporation. The Company entered into a management agreement with the Parent on March 28, 2006, which calls for a minimum management fee of \$420,000 per annum, but also stipulates that the Company will pay all of its own expenses and the Parent will not be responsible for any of the Company expenses. The agreement may be canceled or modified with the approval of each party upon thirty (30) days notice. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2007, the Company paid management fees of \$420,000.

3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Investment transaction - The Company owns a 2% interest in a limited liability corporation. The Company's investment of approximately \$10,062 is reflected in other non-current assets. The membership agreement provides that the Company will be paid 50% of the profits or losses of the Company's profit center in the limited liability corporation. During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company was paid approximately \$20,184 as its membership interest of the profits.

4. SOFTWARE AND INTANGIBLE ASSET

Furniture and equipment consisted of the following at December 31, 2007:

Software	\$	42,813
Less: Accumulated depreciation		25,375
	•	17 438

Depreciation expense was \$1,500 for the year ended December 31, 2007.

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company wrote-off a customer list carried as an intangible asset by recording \$46,517 of amortization.

5. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The income tax expense is estimated at approximately 38%, which represents a combined rate for federal and state obligations. The tax expense of the Company is treated as if the Company remitted its liability to the Parent, and the intercompany accounts have been adjusted and recorded accordingly.

6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company entered into a lease agreement for its main office space (2,356 square feet) in May 2001. During May 2003, the Company amended the lease to include an additional 1,189 square feet of space. The lease contains per annum escalation clauses of \$.50 per square foot. The Company entered into a second amendment to its lease for the additional space during 2006, which space now terminates coterminus with the original lease on May 16, 2009, with an option to renew that would extend the term for all space to 2014.

6. COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2007 was \$295,448. The following are future minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2007:

2008	\$ 77,962
2009	 29,486
	\$ 107.448

The Company is a defendant in arbitration claims filed by customers and a competitor in the normal course of business. The Company intends to defend the claims and management is unable to estimate the amount of loss, if any, that may arise from the claims.

The Company maintains cash balances at two large national banks. One account is maintained in money market funds that are not insured. Accounts not invested in money market funds at each bank are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$100,000, but the balances may exceed that amount at any time, but management does not believe the money to be at risk.

The Company maintains accounts at its Clearing Broker. The accounts contain cash and securities. Balances are insured up to \$500,000 (with a limit of \$100,000 for cash) by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation, but the balances may exceed these amounts at any given time, and certain funds may be invested in money market accounts that are not insured but management believes the money to not be at risk.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK

Customer transactions are cleared through the Clearing Brokers on a fully disclosed basis. In the event that customers default in payments of funds or delivery of securities, the Clearing Brokers may charge the Company for any loss incurred in satisfying customer obligations. Additional credit risk occurs if the Clearing Brokers or affiliates do not fulfill their obligations. The Company regularly monitors the activity in its customer accounts for compliance with margin requirements.

8. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company's minimum net capital requirement under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission is the greater of 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness (\$66,979 at December 31, 2007) or \$100,000. The Company operates pursuant to the (K)(2)(ii) exemption under SEC Rule 15c3-3 and does not hold customer funds or securities. The Company is, therefore, exempt from the reserve formula calculations and possession or control computations. At December 31, 2007, the net capital, as computed, was \$1,838,138. Consequently, the Company had excess net capital of \$1,738,138. At December 31, 2007, the percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was approximately 54.7% versus an allowable percentage of 1500%.

9. RECONCILIATION OF NET CAPITAL

The were no differences in the net capital computation shown on the Company's December 31, 2007 FOCUS IIA, and the computation shown on the attached Computation and Reconciliation of Net Capital pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1.

1ST DISCOUNT BROKERAGE, INC. COMPUTATION AND RECONCILIATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

Computation of basic net capital requirements: Total stockholder's equity qualified for net capital	<u>\$4,080,581</u>
Deductions:	
Non-allowable assets	
Petty cash	305
Accounts receivable	121,170
Note receivable, plus interest	881,989
Deposits	24,290
Furniture and fixtures, net	27,500
Intercompany receivables	869,870
Rebates receivable	95,420
Commissions receivable greater than 30 days old	76,512
Employee advance	1,565
Prepaid expenses, deposits and other	99,080
Total non-allowable assets	2,197,701
Net capital before haircuts and securities positions	1,882,880
Haircuts:	
Money market accounts	18,056
Undue concentration	7,145
Government securities	17,287
Worthless securities	2,254
	44,742
Net capital	1,838,138
Minimum net capital requirements: 6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness (\$66,979) Minimum dollar net capital requirement for this broker-dealer (\$100,000)	
Net capital requirement (greater of above two requirements)	100,000
Net capital in excess of required minimum	<u>\$ 1,738.138</u>
Excess net capital at 1000%	<u>\$_1,737,660</u>
Reconciliation: Net capital, per pages 9-11 of the December 31, 2007 unaudited Focus Report, as filed Audit adjustments Net capital, per December 31, 2007 audited report, as filed	\$ 1,838,138
The dapling per December 51, 2007 addition reports do the	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~

1ST DISCOUNT BROKERAGE, INC. COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS UNDER RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

Total aggregate indebtedness:

Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		54.7%
Total indebtedness recorded on the Statement of Financial Condition	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,004,781</u>
Accrued expenses Due to clearing Commissions payable Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$</u>	57,141 161,378 <u>678,402</u> 1,004,781
Accounts payable	\$	107,860

1ST DISCOUNT BROKERAGE, INC. (A WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF 1DB FINANCIAL, INC.) INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER SEC RULE 15c3-3 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

1st Discount Brokerage, Inc. operates pursuant to the (k)(2)(ii) exemption under SEC Rule 15c3-3 and does not hold funds or securities. 1st Discount Brokerage, Inc. is, therefore, exempt from the reserve formula calculations and possession and control computations.



LASHLEY, SELAND & ROTROFF, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

D. Gary Lashley, CPA Kurt Seland, CPA Stephen R. Rotroff, CPA Albert A. King, CPA

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

Board of Directors and Stockholder 1st Discount Brokerage, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of 1st Discount Brokerage, Inc. (the "Company") a wholly-owned subsidiary of 1 DB Financial, Inc., for the year ended December 31, 2007, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by the Company, including tests of such practices that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g)(1) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with

management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and the practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on my study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and should not be used for any other purpose.

Anskley, School: Kitoff, P.A.

February 19, 2008

END